

Local Place Plans and Community Engagement

Our experience working with rural communities in the National Park



Loch Lomond and The Trossachs National Park

Area 1,865km²

Population 14,700 21 Communities

Land Use

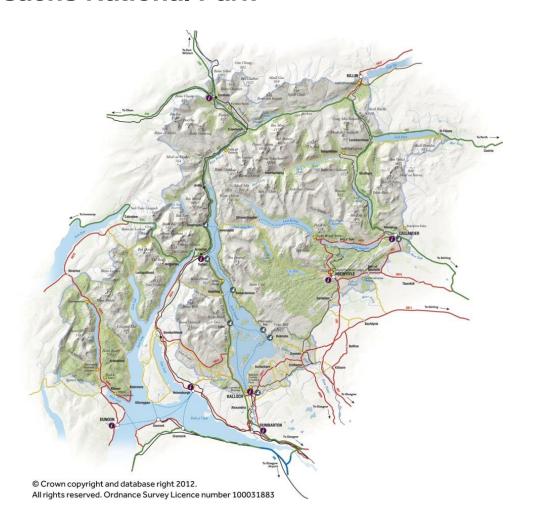
65% Agriculture27% Woodland and forestry7% Water

Land Ownership

56% Private38% Public5% Charities/NGO's

Over **50% Scotland's population** live within one hour travel time

Around **7 Million visitors** per year





National Park Aims

The National Parks (Scotland) Act 2000 sets out our responsibilities including full statutory planning and access functions. Our 4 aims are to:

Conserve and enhance the **natural and cultural heritage** of the area

Promote sustainable use of the natural resources of the area

Promote **understanding and enjoyment** (including enjoyment in the form of recreation) of the special qualities of the area by the public, and

Promote **sustainable economic and social development** of the area's communities.



Our team!

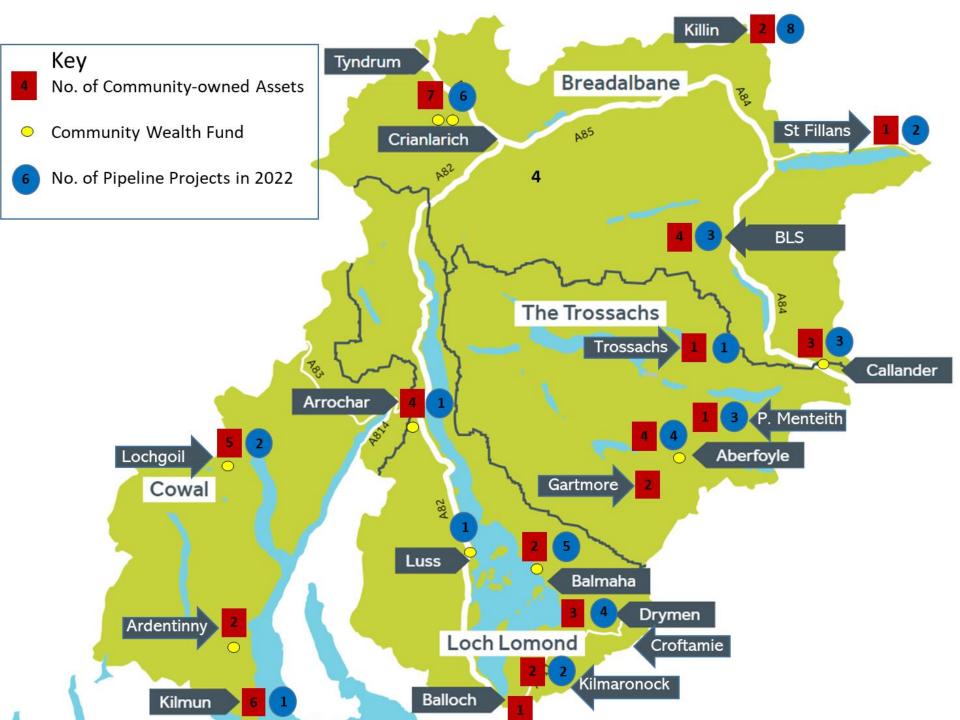




Current areas of focus for us

- COMMUNITY EMPOWERMENT & SUPPORT
- CAPACITY BUILDING SIGNPOSTING TO SUPPORT
- PROJECT DELIVERY & FUNDRAISING
- LOCAL PLACE PLANS
- NATIONAL PARK PARTNERSHIP PLAN AND NEW LOCAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN





Reviewing our Plans and Strategies

National Park Partnership Plan

- Prepared by the National Park Authority
- Role is to show how the National Park is to be managed by the National Park Authority and other public bodies to achieve our four statutory aims
- Identifies priorities for action by a range of partners, not just the National Park Authority

Regional Spatial Strategy

- Prepared by the National Park Authority
- Role is to show the strategic development that is needed within the National Park and proposed locations for this
- We will combine the Regional Spatial Strategy with our National Park Partnership Plan

Local Development Plan

- Prepared by the National Park Authority
- Role is to manage the development and use of land in the long term public interest
- Identifies how places will change, including where development should and shouldn't happen.
- National Planning Framework 4 is now part of Local Development Plan

Regional Land Use Framework

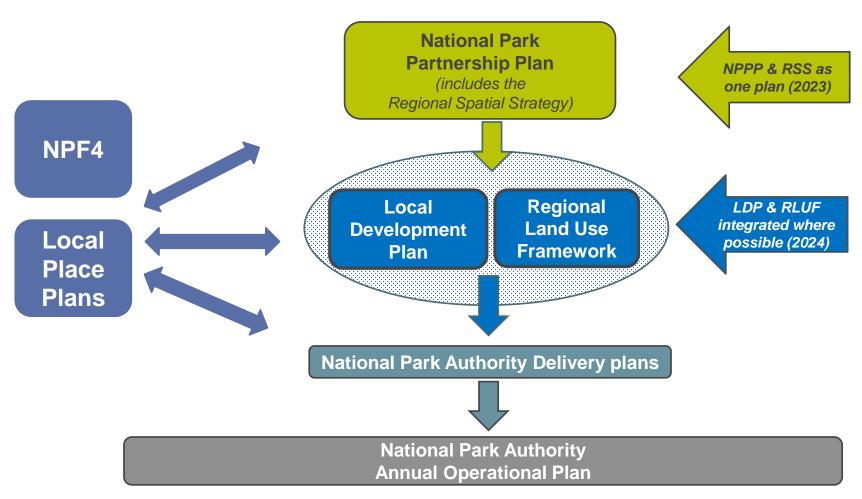
- Potential new requirement subject to Scottish Government decision following the outcome of current pilots
- Would be prepared by Partners (through a Regional Land Use Partnership), including the National Park Authority
- Role is to identify landscape level potential land use changes with positive climate and environmental impacts
- Could be part of the next Local Development Plan

Local Place Plan

- Prepared by Local Communities
- Role is to show how communities can be improved, including proposals for development and use of land
- •The National Park Authority registers Local Place Plans and will take these into account when preparing our Local Development Plan and National Park Partnership Plan.

How to these all align?







Local Place Plans within the National Park

2020/21

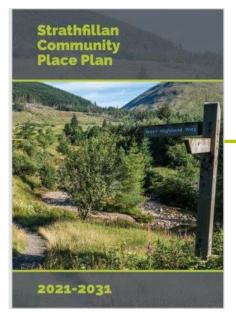
- Early Pilots
- 4 communities
- Spatial considerations
- LPP community sounding board set up to help prepare LPP training event
- LPP training event for Community Councils and Development Trusts
- Identified staff resource and budget

2022

- Formal Invite to prepare to all communities
- Information on our website
- In-kind technical support in mapping, engagement, process and planning to 8 communites
- funding so communities could choose to commission and manage their own specialist support.
- Also tried to ensure communities thought more widely than they historically have on climate, nature, land, assets and enterprise.
- Monitored, reviewed the LPP Programme

2023/24

- LPP preparation ongoing
- Drafted LPP validation procedures and reporting framework
- LPP Advisory Group Terms of Reference Drafted
- Consideration of support requirements to facilitate delivery of NPPP priorities
- Consideration on delivery support not just process to prepare
- Dilemma! 5 communities not yet started/unclear on intention to prepare









The map below pinpoints places, issues and opportunities for improvement referenced within the plan.







 Mixed use site (MU2) as indicated in LLTTNP's Local Development

Green spaces identified in LLTNP's LDP 2017-2024

New proposal in our plan for an LLTTNP-identified green space

and that readers of our Place Plan should be reminded of some of its proposals.

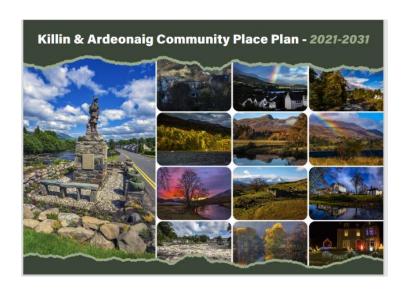
While Callander's landscape is open and beautiful, in or near the town centre

New proposal in our plan for green space not identified

i.a Proposal number. Note that proposal numbers 1.i.a and 1.iv from the previous section are included to show how they complement this section's proposals.

COMMUNITY VISION | 19

there is very little suitable land available for play, team sports, recreation or large community gatherings. Where such land does remain unused, it has either been: purchased for development; designated





Local Place Plans – our thoughts so far!

Working well ...

National Park context- working well

Strong legacy of Community Action Plans

Relationship building for us with communities

Relationship building within and between communities

Empowering

Golden opportunity for us to engage at this stage

'Local Framing Drives Engagement'



Local Place Plans – our thoughts so far!

Working with ...

All different – good thing but **content** varies

Support generally needed on **spatial elements**

Support needed on data and stats, wider policy context

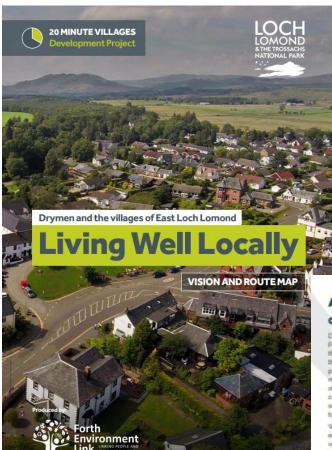
Limited staff time and resource and **capacity** for some communities

How to encourage community consideration of new national or important NP issues?

Still tendency to be inward looking when some common issues better addressed at wider area based level



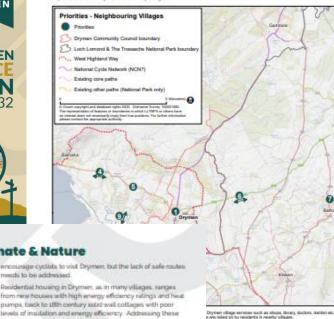
Local Place Plans – Drymen example





Working with Neighbouring Communities

Consulting with neighbouring communities and RSPB Loch Lomond for this plan has helped us understand the importance of facilities in Drymen, which are relied on by far more than just its residents, and the shared desire for improved connectivity between nearby villages



Action Plan: Environment, Climate & Nature

Current Situation:

Drymen is located in Loch Lomond and the Trossachs National. Park, just a few miles from the shores of Loch Lomond, and the beauty of its surrounding landacypes are highly valued by the community. Drymen is surrounded by a mixture of grazing pasture commercial forestry deciduous woodland and grazed moorland. Many of these habitats are already poor in terms. of supporting biodiversity and are increasingly threatened by climate change. Conversely, sensitive management of the land. surrounding Drymen can significantly increase its capacity to both support biodiversity and fight climate change.

Within the village there are some excellent initiatives to encourage wildlife and biodiversity, such as the wildflower verges and the orchard next to the football pitch.

The lack of public transport and safe active travel routes. between Drymen and its neighbouring villages and cities means that there is currently a high level of neliance on private cars. As society transitions to electric cars, there will be a growing requirement for chargers, particularly for tourida visiting the village. There is currently no charging provision in Drymen.

While there are many learn cyclists including e-blears! within the village, the Active Travel survey highlighted that a lot of people are put off using bikes for igumeys to local villages. by the need to use fast, busy roads. DCDT has installed a bicycle tool station and e-bise chargers in the village square to

encourage cyclists to visit Drymen, but the lack of safe routes. needs to be addressed.

from new houses with high energy efficiency ratings and heat. pumps, back to s8th century solid wall cottages with poor levels of insulation and energy efficiency. Addressing these issues is becoming increasingly important, not just as an environmental issue but also to tackle the problem of high energy prices and fuel poverty.

There are currently no community scale renewable energy projects in the village. A small number of houses in the village have solar panels. However there is potential to increase this number.

Food production has a significant carbon footprint. Within Drymen there are currently two initiatives to support more sustanable food production. There is a community vegetable garden and orchard located by the football pitch, and an online local food market. Neighbourfood, which allows customers to order food from local producers and collect weekly in the Village Hall.

Domestic waite management within the village includes fairly comprehensive recycling, although some specialist waste Types leg, part, batteries, electrical items) reed to be taken to the recycling facility in Balfron. There is currently little support for repair and/or re-use of items.

stace public transport between Craftwise and Drime se cycle path between Drymen and Barnets

d walking path alongside road between Drymen and Balmana. a safe and direct walking/cycle path between Drymen and Bathon

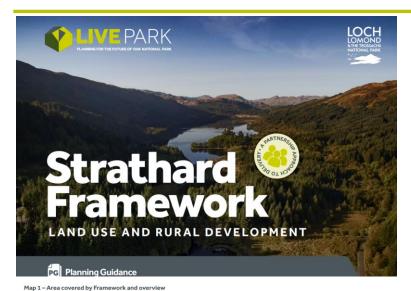
iduction of a public transport link between Drymen and Raffron.

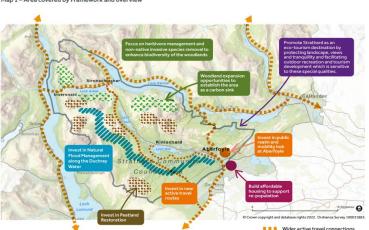
a Balmaka to Balloch bus service, to better link with trains and to connectivity for work and simuson

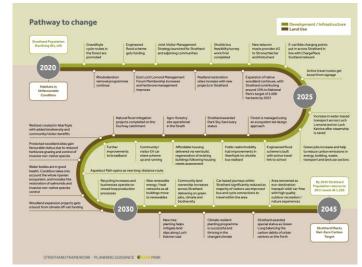
a walking/cycling route that connects Drymen with the RSPB; and sinc Gartocham village.



Local Place Plans – Strathard Framework











Local Place Plans – our thoughts so far!

Working on ...

Continued support to LPP's with limited staff capacity and budget

How to encourage and enable LPP's to say more on climate nature and CWB opportunities

Validation and registration procedure

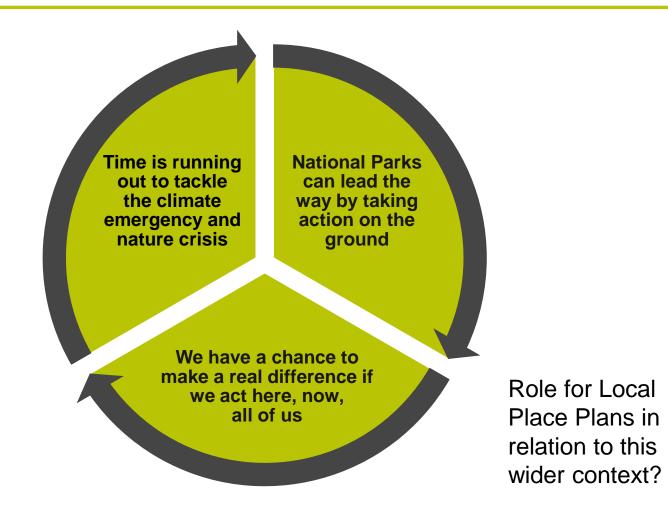
Dissemination

Weight given to LPP in decision making pre new LDP

LDP spatial strategy and content



We are at a 'Pivotal Moment'





...to all of us, to Scotland, to the planet... Our National Park matters...

...but it can't and won't stay the same.

People, nature and climate are all connected and we are facing unprecedented challenges to nature, to climate and to our lives that depend on them.

This is a unique moment in time – we have a small window of opportunity to make transformational change in the face of these huge challenges.

A thriving future for the National Park is a thriving future for all of us. But we all have to work together.

We're opening up a conversation to help us imagine the future of the National Park together.

With your help, we CAN do it.



Our Draft Plan lays out the actions we all need to take over the next few years to achieve the transformational long-term change needed.



We believe the National Park can be:

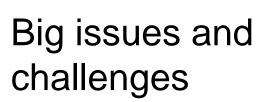
...a climate-resilient place, where people and nature thrive together.



The Draft Plan is **bold** and **ambitious**. It sets the tone for **doing things differently**.

Our approach to engagement will do the same.









Need for urgent action

Role for Communities to help address

Important role for Local Place Plans





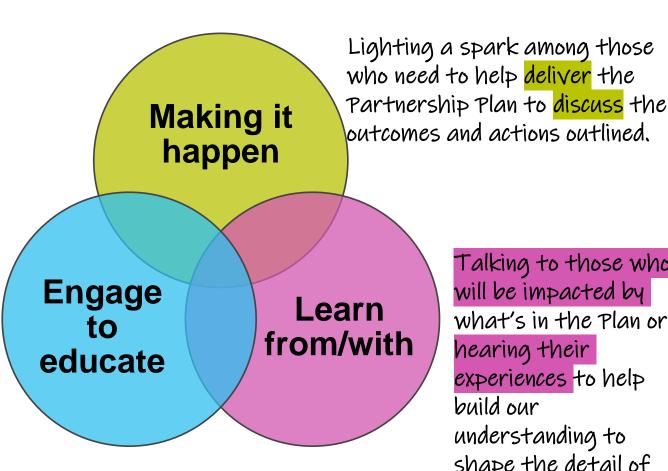
How we engage with communities

- THROUGH OUR WORK AND CONSULTATIONS
- DAY TO DAY WORKING AND RELATIONSHIPS
- OUR TEAM
- OTHER TEAMS AND THROUGH OUR BOARD MEMBERS

National Park Plan Engagement



Raising awareness by prompting conversations with those who might need more understanding of the challenges facing the National Park and why things need to be done differently here.

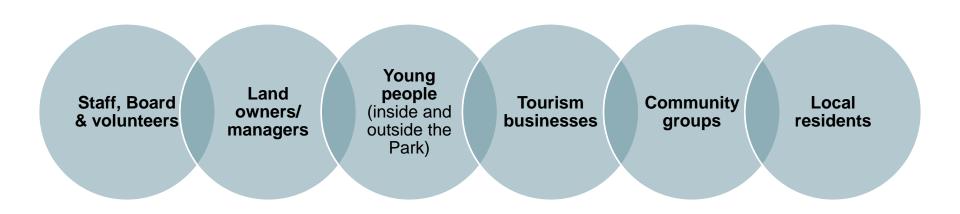


Talking to those who will be impacted by what's in the Plan or hearing their experiences to help build our understanding to shape the detail of the Plan.

Who do we need to reach and why?



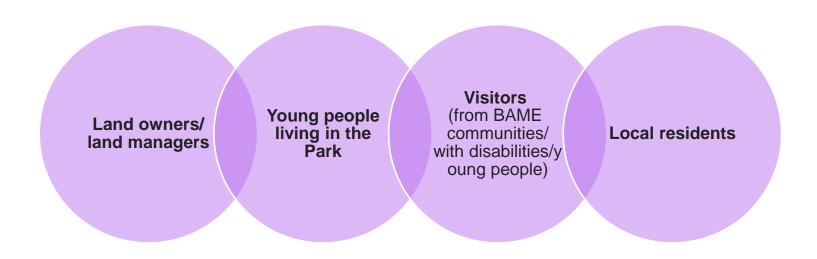
Engage to educate



Who do we need to reach and why?



Learn from/with



Who do we need to reach and why?



Making it happen



Using user research findings to help design our engagement methods



The best way to engage people is through personal invite or through existing community networks.

Going to where people already are and speaking with people in environments where they feel comfortable is key.

Co-designing events, activities and communications with community networks is vital



In person workshops, walking workshops and attending events and meetups that already exist will work well but we need to ensure we enable a spectrum of engagement across a variety of channels.

Making each area of the plan tangible and show the impact it could have for people and their community then it will increase your chances of engagement.

Keeping people updated and showing the impact is very important to encourage future engagement.



Opportunities

- LOCAL PLACE PLANS CAN HAVE A KEY ROLE FOR
- CLIMATE
- NATURE
- LAND USE WITHIN AND AROUND COMMUNITIES
- COMMUNITY EMPOWERMENT, WEALTH BUILDING AND SOCIAL ENTERPRISE

Between 26th April – 19th July 2023 we are holding a conversation on the future of the National Park.

WE WANT TO KNOW:

- » Which of the objectives and actions outlined in this Draft Plan can you or your organisation help to deliver? What role can you play in delivering these?
- » Are there any challenges or barriers we need to overcome to help you do this?
- » Can you suggest any other objectives or actions to help us meet our aims in each area of this Draft Plan?
- » Can you suggest any other delivery partners needed to help deliver these?
- » Do you have any comments on the policies outlined in each area of this Draft Plan?
- » Do you have any comments on the measures of success proposed? How can you help us to measure them?

HOW TO RESPOND:

Join the conversation online: lochlomond-trossachs.org/future

Send us an email:

NationalParkPlan@lochlomond-trossachs.org

Or respond in writing:

Loch Lomond & The Trossachs National Park Authority
Carrochan

Carrochan Road

Balloch

G83 8EG



My ask of you today ©

IN YOUR EXPERIENCE, CAN/SHOULD LOCAL PLACE PLANS DO MORE TO IDENTIFY COMMUNITY LED ACTION FOR CLIMATE AND NATURE?

WHAT ELSE?

AS PLANNERS DO WE HAVE ROLE IN MAKING THIS HAPPEN?