



Scotland 2045

Our Fourth National
Planning Framework
Draft



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KEY POSITIVES

Positive effects for biodiversity

Meets housing needs

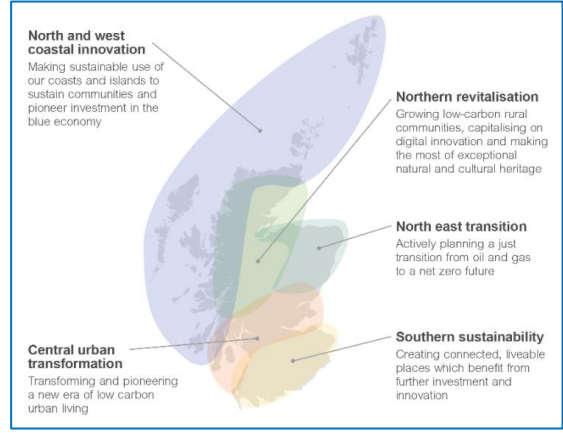
Reduce greenhouse gas emissions – meet targets

Improve equality and eliminate discrimination

Positive Outcomes

Improve health and wellbeing

Increase rural population

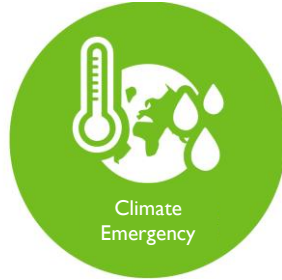


One size doesn't fit all – message is clear.

Good layout



Focuses on wide range of focus areas



Contents

03 **Part 1 – A National Spatial Strategy For Scotland 2045**
Sustainable places
Liveable places
Productive places
Distinctive places
Spatial principles for Scotland 2045
Action areas for Scotland 2045
North and west coastal innovation
Northern revitalisation
North east transition
Central urban transformation
Southern sustainability

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Sustainable Places (Universal places)
Plan-led approach to sustainable development
Climate emergency
Nature crisis
Human rights and equality
Community wealth building
Design, quality and place

Liveable Places
20 minute neighbourhoods
Infrastructure first
Quality homes
Sustainable travel and transport
Heat and cooling
Blue and green infrastructure, play and sport
Sustainable flood risk and water management
Lifelong health, wellbeing and safety

Productive Places
Land and premises for business and employment
Sustainable tourism
Culture and creativity
Green energy
Zero waste
Sustainable aquaculture
Minerals
Digital infrastructure

Distinctive Places
City, town, commercial and local centres
Historic assets and places
Urban edges and the green belt
Vacant and derelict land and empty buildings
Rural places
Natural places
Peat and carbon rich soils
Trees, woodland and forestry
Coasts

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A – NPF4 outcomes statement
B – Housing numbers
C – Glossary of definitions



KEY OPPORTUNITIES

Investment in Future Planning

- **Investing in the planning service.** We recognise that our economic recovery will benefit from a better resourced planning service, and that the recent decline in the capacity of planning authorities needs to be addressed. As a first step, we will bring forward regulations for revised planning fees to help planning authorities to move towards full cost recovery and introduce proportionate, but realistic charging for additional services. We will continue to ensure that additional resources for authorities are linked with performance monitoring and improvement.

Educational investment in future of planning? Joined up approach?

Continuous learning

Future Planner Pipeline?

Cultural Change

For this to succeed will there need to be a change in culture?

How will this come about?

Do planners need to change?

User Interactivity

Paragraphs of text

What's enticing readers

More links to help with navigation?

Could there be a really simplified version?

More diagrams – more reader friendly and interactive?

Lead by example in Digital Transformation

Clarity and Further Detail

Example – 20-minute neighbourhoods

RTPI recommends an average density of at least 65 dwellings per hectare

At times appears vague, does this allow more scope at local level?



FUTURE PLANNERS – FUTURE SCOTLAND

“Planetary health's systemic nature, with interlocking social, economic and environmental threads, means creating a healthy, sustainable, next stage of civilization is going to require integrating findings from both the human and natural sciences, while developing collaborative strategies with societal groups in multiple arenas as well.”

Planetary Health (2022). Welcome to Planetary Health Lab.

Available at: <https://www.planetaryhealthlab.com/>



THANK YOU FOR LISTENING!